Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

# Town of Casco, Maine

June 30, 2021



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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# JUNE 30, 2021

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Selectboard Town of Casco Casco, Maine

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Casco, Maine as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Casco, Maine's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Casco, Maine as of June 30, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and OPEB information on pages 4 through 11 and 52 through 56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Town of Casco, Maine's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual -General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2022 on our consideration of Town of Casco, Maine's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town of Casco's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine June 16, 2022

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Town of Casco's financial performance provides an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the Town's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The Town's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison information, OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Town's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regard to the Town's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have one column for the Town's activity. The type of activity presented for the Town is:

• Governmental activities - The activities in this section are mostly supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants). All of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental activities and include general government, public safety, health and sanitation, public works, social services, parks, recreation and cemeteries, education, CEO, planning board and zoning board and unclassified.

#### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town are categorized as governmental funds.

*Governmental funds*: All of the basic services provided by the Town are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Town.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of governmentwide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement. The Town presents two columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Town's major fund is the general fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the Town legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regard to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the Town's governmental activities. The Town's total net position increased by \$1,006,184 from \$8,513,244 to \$9,519,428.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - increased to a balance of \$5,528,959 at the end of this year.

## Table 1 Town of Casco, Maine Net Position June 30,

		2021	_	2020
Assets:				
Current Assets	\$	6,147,635	\$	5,779,536
Noncurrent Assets - Capital Assets		6,234,138		5,865,379
Total Assets		12,381,773		11,644,915
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
		20,202		20,000
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB		30,203		30,298
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		30,203		30,298
Liabilities:				
Current Liabilities		340,738		391,266
Noncurrent Liabilities		2,534,097		2,748,801
Total Liabilities		2,874,835		3,140,067
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Prepaid Taxes		7,362		8,301
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	_	10,351		13,601
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		17,713		21,902
Net Position:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets		3,614,429		3,130,379
Restricted:		3,014,429		3,130,379
Capital Projects Funds		262,337		104,613
Special Revenue Funds		99,803		104,013
Permanent Funds		99,803 13,900		13,900
Unrestricted		5,528,959		5,162,870
Total Net Position	\$	9,519,428	\$	8,513,244
I ULAI INGL F USILIUII	ψ	3,513,420	φ	0,010,244

# **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased by 5.08%, while total expenses increased by 2.50%. All revenue categories increased except operating grants and contributions and miscellaneous. The largest increases in expenses were in health and sanitation and unclassified.

# Table 2 Town of Casco, Maine Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30,

	2021	2020
Revenues		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 694,104	\$ 476,109
Operating grants and contributions	47,896	51,260
General Revenues:		
Taxes	10,536,234	10,203,076
Grants and contributions not restricted to		
specific programs	665,062	620,953
Miscellaneous	240,994	243,886
Total Revenues	12,184,290	11,595,284
<b>F</b>		
Expenses	070.005	4 470 747
General government	879,065	1,178,747
Public safety	912,752	1,205,409
Health and sanitation	661,595	306,285
Public works	679,882	625,565
Social services	-	24,647
Parks, recreation and cemeteries	44,240	87,156
County tax	472,237	466,125
Education	6,639,062	6,545,475
CEO, planning board and zoning board	132,521	-
Unclassified	646,714	224,677
Overlay	29,676	-
Capital outlay	-	151,663
Interest on long-term debt	80,362	89,762
Total Expenses	11,178,106	10,905,511
Change in Net Position	1,006,184	689,773
Net Position - July 1	8,513,244	7,823,471
Net Position - June 30	\$ 9,519,428	\$ 8,513,244

#### Financial Analysis of the Town's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Town's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

## Table 3 Town of Casco, Maine Fund Balances - Governmental Funds June 30,

		2021 2020			Increase/ (Decrease)		
Major Funds:							
General Fund:							
Nonspendable	\$	24,338	\$	15,291	\$	9,047	
Assigned		616,160		922,494		(306,334)	
Unassigned		3,227,514		2,741,842		485,672	
Total Major Funds	3,868,012			3,679,627		188,385	
Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds:							
Restricted	\$	99,803	\$	101,482	\$	(1,679)	
Committed		27,541		27,541		-	
Assigned		24,282		24,282		-	
Unassigned		(932)		(936)		4	
Capital Projects Funds:							
Restricted		262,337		104,613		157,724	
Committed		1,466,480		1,311,662		154,818	
Unassigned		(7,574)		(7,574)		-	
Permanent Funds:							
Restricted		13,900		13,900		-	
Assigned		74,310		74,188		122	
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	1,960,147	\$	1,649,158	\$	310,989	

The changes to total fund balances for the general fund and the nonmajor funds occurred due to the regular activity of operations.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The difference between the original and final budget for the general fund was the use of applied receipts and unassigned fund balance.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$700,437. This was the result of all revenue categories being receipted in excess of budgeted amounts.

The general fund actual expenditures were under budget by \$589,465. All expenditure categories were within or under budget with the exception of public safety and debt service - interest.

## Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2021, the Town's capital assets increased by \$368,759. This increase was due to current year additions of \$663,458 less depreciation expense of \$294,699. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements for detailed information.

# Table 4 Town of Casco, Maine Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30,

	 2021	 2020
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Vehicles and equipment	\$ 656,021 678,321 1,525,109 758,083	\$ 656,021 410,536 1,558,654 516,842
Infrastructure	 2,616,604	 2,723,326
Total	\$ 6,234,138	\$ 5,865,379

#### Debt

At June 30, 2021, the Town had \$2,619,709 in a bond and bond premium payable versus \$2,865,591 in the prior fiscal year. Refer to Note 6 of the Notes to Financial Statements for detailed information.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions or Conditions**

The outbreak of COVID-19 has been declared a pandemic and led to a national state of emergency in the United States. Refer to Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

At present it is not possible, with any degree of certainty, to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on the revenues, expenditures, budget or overall financial position of the Town. No assurance can be given regarding future events or impacts because these actions and events are unpredictable or unknowable at this time and are outside the control of the Town.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town has maintained a sufficient level of unassigned fund balance to sustain government operations for a period of approximately three months, while also maintaining significant reserve accounts for future capital and program needs.

#### **Contacting the Town's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Town Office at 635 Meadow Road, Casco, Maine 04015.

# STATEMENT A

# TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,538,601	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles):			
Taxes		309,802	
Liens		104,847	
Other		138,118	
Due from other governments		31,929	
Prepaid items		9,047	
Tax acquired property		15,291	
Total current assets		6,147,635	
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Land and other assets not being depreciated Assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets		1,334,342 4,899,796 6,234,138	
TOTAL ASSETS		12,381,773	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		30,203	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		30,203	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	12,411,976	

# STATEMENT A (CONTINUED)

# TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	overnmental Activities
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 70,889
Current portion of long-term obligations	269,849
Total current liabilities	 340,738
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:	
Bond payable	2,265,000
Bond premium payable	108,827
Accrued compensated absences	71,899
Net OPEB liability	 88,371
Total noncurrent liabilities	 2,534,097
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 2,874,835
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Prepaid taxes	7,362
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	10,351
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 17,713
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	3,614,429
Restricted: Capital projects funds	262,337
Special revenue funds	99,803
Permanent funds	13,900
Unrestricted	5,528,959
TOTAL NET POSITION	 9,519,428
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
AND NET POSITION	\$ 12,411,976

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				F	Progra	m Revenue	s		Rev	Net (Expense) enue and Changes in Net Position
					0	perating	Ca	apital		Total
			Ch	arges for	Gr	ants and	Grai	nts and		Governmental
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	S	Services	Con	tributions	Cont	ributions		Activities
General government	\$	879,065	\$	103,329	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(775,736)
Public safety		912,752		554,233		-		-		(358,519)
Health and sanitation		661,595		-		-		-		(661,595)
Public works		679,882		-		47,896		-		(631,986)
Parks, recreation and cemeteries		44,240		36,542		-		-		(7,698)
County tax		472,237		-		-		-		(472,237)
Education		6,639,062		-		-		-		(6,639,062)
CEO, planning board and zoning board		132,521								(132,521)
Unclassified		646,714		-		-		-		(646,714)
Overlay		29,676		-		-		-		(29,676)
Interest on long-term debt		80,362				-				(80,362)
Total government	<b>\$</b> 1	1,178,106	\$	694,104	\$	47,896	\$			(10,436,106)

# STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

# TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 vernmental Activities
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(10,436,106)
General revenues:	 (10,100,100)
Taxes: Property taxes, levied for general purposes Excise taxes	9,554,139 982,095
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Miscellaneous	 665,062 240,994
Total general revenues	 11,442,290
Change in net position	1,006,184
NET POSITION - JULY 1	 8,513,244
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 9,519,428

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		General Fund	Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS	•		•		•	/
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,352,033	\$	186,568	\$	5,538,601
Accounts receivable (net of allowance						
for uncollectibles):						
Taxes		309,802		-		309,802
Liens		104,847		-		104,847
Other		138,118		-		138,118
Due from other governments		31,929		-		31,929
Prepaid items		9,047		-		9,047
Tax acquired property		15,291		-		15,291
Due from other funds		13,430		1,787,009		1,800,439
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,974,497	\$	1,973,577	\$	7,948,074
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	70,889	\$	-	\$	70,889
Due to other funds	,	1,787,009		13,430	,	1,800,439
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,857,898		13,430		1,871,328
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Prepaid taxes		7,362		-		7,362
Deferred property tax		241,225		-		241,225
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		248,587		-		248,587
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		24,338		-		24,338
Restricted		,000		376,040		376,040
Committed		-		1,494,021		1,494,021
Assigned		616,160		98,592		714,752
Unassigned		3,227,514		(8,506)		3,219,008
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,868,012		1,960,147		5,828,159
		, -,-		, -,		, .,
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,974,497	\$	1,973,577	\$	7,948,074

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Total Governmental Funds	
Total Fund Balances Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	\$	5,828,159
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period		6,234,138
expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds shown above: Taxes and liens receivable Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not financial		241,225
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		30,203
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds Long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		(10,351)
Bond payable		(2,500,000)
Bond premium payable		(119,709)
Accrued compensated absences		(95,866)
Net OPEB liability		(88,371)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	9,519,428

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Taxes:	¢	0 600 607	¢		¢	0 600 607
Property taxes Excise taxes	\$	9,628,687	\$	-	\$	9,628,687
Intergovernmental revenues		982,095 712,958		-		982,095 712,958
Interest income		49,756		- 276		50,032
Charges for services		49,730 694,104		210		694,104
Miscellaneous		185,962		- 5,000		190,962
TOTAL REVENUES		12,253,562		5,276		12,258,838
		,,		0,210		,,
EXPENDITURES Current:						
General government		839,481		-		839,481
Public safety		1,137,607		-		1,137,607
Health and sanitation		641,095		-		641,095
Public works		629,983		-		629,983
Parks, recreation and cemeteries		275,726		-		275,726
County tax		472,237		-		472,237
Education		6,639,062		-		6,639,062
CEO, planning board and zoning board		132,521		-		132,521
Unclassified		646,093		621		646,714
Overlay		29,676		-		29,676
Debt service:						
Principal		235,000		-		235,000
Interest		80,362		-		80,362
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,758,843		621		11,759,464
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES		494,719		4,655		499,374
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		312,392		312,392
Transfers (out)		(306,334)		(6,058)		(312,392)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(306,334)		306,334		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		188,385		310,989		499,374
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		3,679,627		1,649,158		5,328,785
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	3,868,012	\$	1,960,147	\$	5,828,159

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 499,374
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset acquisitions Depreciation expense	 663,458 (294,699) 368,759
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds	 (95)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds: Taxes and liens receivable	 (74,548)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	 235,000
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are reported in the funds	 3,250
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Bond premium payable Accrued compensated absences Net OPEB liability	 10,882 (21,038) (15,400) (25,556)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 1,006,184

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Reporting Entity

The Town of Casco, Maine was incorporated under the laws of the State of Maine. The Town provides the following services: general government, public safety, health and sanitation, public works, social services, parks, recreation and cemeteries, education, CEO, planning board and zoning board and unclassified.

The Town's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Town's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Town. We have determined that the Town has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

## COVID-19 Outbreak

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and led to a national state of emergency in the United States. The State of Maine, along with other state and local governments, declared states of emergency and issued multiple public health emergency orders that severely restrict movement and limit businesses and activities to essential functions. These actions and effects of COVID-19 have disrupted economic activity at all levels and impacted the processes and procedures for almost all businesses, including municipal and guasi-municipal entities.

In response to the health crisis created by COVID-19 since early March, the Governor of Maine issued multiple executive orders and declarations to protect the public health in an effort to reduce community spread of the virus and protect citizens. These measures have included, among others, closing or restricting access to certain business and activities, issuing a "stay at home" directive for most citizens, restricting nonessential travel and limiting movement of all persons in Maine to those necessary to obtain or provide essential services or activities. The state of emergency expired on June 30, 2021.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Impact on and Results of Operations

On March 17, 2020 Maine LD 2167 was issued and executed by the Governor of Maine. In accordance with Executive Order 8, issued by the Governor of Maine on August 26, 2020, the Town took required measures to further reduce the risk of exposure to voters, poll workers and election officials participating in the state primary and in municipal and school district elections. The Town held a referendum ballot on July 28, 2020 to vote on the Town budget. The State elections, MSAD 61 School Budget referendum and election of municipal officers were held on July 14, 2020.

#### Impact on Finances

The Town does not currently anticipate any additional FY 2021 expenditures due to COVID-19 that would not be covered by existing resources including authorized Coronavirus, Aid, Relief and Economic Security ("CARES") Act, American Rescue Plan Act ("ARPA") funding and applicable Federal and/or State programs.

#### Expected Federal/State Support

The Town may have to take action to meet certain requirements to receive any additional Federal or State funding for budgetary or economic relief related to the challenges presented by COVID-19. However, the Town expects that if those actions are necessary, that the Town would qualify and satisfy the various conditions required to receive applicable Federal or State funds.

#### Conclusion

The ongoing effects of COVID-19, including the financial impact to the Town and its inhabitants, may change significantly as events and circumstances evolve locally, nationally and worldwide. At present it is not possible, with any degree of certainty, to estimate the impact of COVID-19 on the revenues, expenditures, budget or overall financial position of the Town. No assurance can be given regarding future events or impacts because these actions and events are unpredictable or unknowable at this time and are outside the control of the Town.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities". This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria. This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests". This Statement defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. A majority equity interest that meets the definition of an investment should be measured using the equity method. unless it is held by a special-purpose government engaged only in fiduciary activities, a fiduciary fund or an endowment (including permanent and term endowments) or permanent fund. Those governments and funds should measure the majority equity interest at fair value. For all other holdings of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization, a government should report the legally separate organization as a component unit and the government or fund that holds the equity interest should report an asset related to the majority equity interest using the equity method. This Statement establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No 93 "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (paragraphs 4-11a)." The primary objectives of paragraphs 4-11a concern hedging derivative instruments (specifically exceptions to termination of hedge accounting, modifications to hedged items, probability of expected transactions and appropriate benchmark interest rates). The objective of this Statement is to address the accounting and financial reporting effects that result from the replacement of IBORs with other reference rates in order to preserve the reliability, relevance, consistency and comparability of reported information. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The Town's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Town as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Town's major and nonmajor funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as governmental or business-type. All activities of the Town are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Town's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets, restricted net position and unrestricted net position. The Town first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Town's functions (general government, public safety, etc). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Town does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding department.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Town as an entity and the change in the Town's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Town are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Town:

1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Town:

#### Major Fund

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

## Nonmajor Funds

- b. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- c. The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.
- d. Permanent Funds are used to account for assets held by the Town that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. The Town's policy for authorizing and spending investment income follows State statutes.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in the governmental activity category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### 2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### <u>Budget</u>

The Town's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- 1. Early in the second half of the year the Town prepares a budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the inhabitants of the Town was called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after public notice of the meeting was given.
- 3. The budget was adopted subsequent to passage by the inhabitants of the Town.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Town's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Town's investments are reported at amortized cost. The Town is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposit and other evidence of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Town of Casco, Maine has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Maine Statutes.

#### <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2021. Accounts receivable netted with allowances for uncollectible accounts were \$201,986 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

## Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds.

#### Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Tax Acquired Property

Real property becomes tax acquired when tax liens placed on property and associated costs remain unpaid eighteen months after the filing of the tax lien in accordance with 36 M.R.S.A. § 943. The amount of the taxes and associated costs become assets classified as tax acquired property receivables that are secured by the real property that foreclosed.

After real property becomes tax acquired the Selectboard is responsible for the property and any disposition procedures allowed under the direction of the inhabitants of the Town as authorized by Town Meeting vote and provisions of 36 M.R.S.A. §943-C for qualifying homestead property.

## **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated capital assets are reported at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, underground pipe (other than related to independently owned utilities), traffic signals, etc. These infrastructure assets are likely to be the largest asset class of the Town. The Town has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 50 years
Infrastructure	50 - 100 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 50 years
Vehicles	3 - 25 years

#### Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of a bond payable, bond premium payable, accrued compensated absences and net OPEB liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

## <u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, management received and relied on an actuarial report provided to them by the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), which determined the Town's fiduciary net position as a single employer defined benefit plan based on information provided solely by MMEHT to complete the actuarial report. Additions to/deductions from the MMEHT OPEB Plan's fiduciary net

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MMEHT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Town or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

# Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Town. The inhabitants of the Town through Selectboard meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Town. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through a Town meeting vote.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is given annually by vote of the taxpayers and is expressed by the Selectboard.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Town considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Selectboard meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Town currently has deferred outflows related to OPEB. This item is reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred tax revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, this item is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Prepaid taxes also qualify for reporting in this category. This item is reported in both the statements of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB qualify for this type of reporting. This item is reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Revenue Recognition - Property Taxes - Modified Accrual Basis

The Town's property tax for the current year was levied August 7, 2020 on the assessed value listed as of April 1, 2020, for all real and personal property located in the Town. Taxes were due on in two installments on October 7, 2020 and March 3, 2021. Interest on unpaid taxes commenced on October 21, 2020 and March 17, 2021, at 8% per annum.

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become available. Available includes those property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year end. The remaining receivables have been recorded as deferred revenues.

The Town is permitted by the laws of the State of Maine to levy taxes up to 105% of its net budgeted expenditures for the related fiscal period. The amount raised in excess of 100% is referred to as overlay and amounted to \$103,367 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Tax liens are placed on real property within twelve months following the tax commitment date if taxes are delinquent. The Town has the authority to foreclose on property eighteen months after the filing of the lien if tax liens and associated costs remain unpaid.

## Program Revenues

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

## Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Town does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

# Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the Town's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### Deposits:

The Town's investment policies, which follow state statutes, require that all investments be made considering the safe and sound investment of principal and preservation of capital in the overall portfolio, maintenance of sufficient liquidity to meet day-to-day operations and other cash requirements and maximization of income, within established investment risk guidelines, with consistent cash flows throughout the budgetary cycle. These investment policies apply to all Town funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Town will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Town does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk. However, the Town maintains deposits in qualifying financial institutions that are a member of the FDIC or NCUSIF as defined in Title 30-A, Section 5706 of the Maine Revised Statutes.

At June 30, 2021, the Town's cash balances amounting to \$5,538,601 were comprised of bank deposits of \$5,609,299. Bank deposits are adjusted primarily by outstanding checks and deposits in transit to reconcile to the Town's cash balance. Of these bank deposits, \$462,784 were covered by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. Bank deposits of \$5,146,515 were collateralized with an irrevocable stand-by letter of credit.

	Bank
Account Type	Balance
Checking accounts	\$ 5,396,515
Savings accounts	212,784
	\$ 5,609,299

#### Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Town does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

At June 30, 2021, the Town had no investments.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Maine authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Maine, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Town does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the Town invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

#### NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due From)		Payables (Due To)
General Fund	\$ 13,430	\$	1,787,009
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	151,626		3,075
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	1,630,095		10,355
Nonmajor Permanent Funds	 5,288		-
	\$ 1,800,439	\$	1,800,439

The result of amounts owed between funds are considered to be in the course of normal operations by the Town. Reconciliation of the amounts owed between funds may or may not be expected to be repaid within one year in their entirety due to the recurring nature of these transactions during operations.

#### NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2021 consisted of the following:

	T	ransfers From	T	ransfers To
General Fund Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$ \$	306,334 6,058	\$ \$	-
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	r	-	Ţ	312,392
	\$	312,392	\$	312,392

Interfund transfers are the results of legally authorized activity and are considered to be in the course of normal operations.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

# NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2021:

		3alance 7/1/20		Additions	Dispo	sals		Balance 6/30/21
Non-depreciated assets:								
Land	\$	656,021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	656,021
Construction in progress	Ŧ	410,536	Ŧ	267,785	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	678,321
		1,066,557		267,785		-		1,334,342
Depreciated assets:								
Buildings and improvements		2,834,329		30,740		-		2,865,069
Vehicles and equipment		3,169,268		358,633		-		3,527,901
Intellectual property		120,000		-		-		120,000
Infrastructure		2,959,228		6,300		-		2,965,528
		9,082,825		395,673		-		9,478,498
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	(	1,275,675)		(64,285)		-		(1,339,960)
Vehicles and equipment	(	2,652,426)		(117,392)		-		(2,769,818)
Intellectual property		(120,000)		-		-		(120,000)
Infrastructure		(235,902)		(113,022)		-		(348,924)
	(	4,284,003)		(294,699)		-		(4,578,702)
Net depreciated assets		4,798,822		100,974		-		4,899,796
Net capital assets	\$	5,865,379	\$	368,759	\$	-	\$	6,234,138
Current year depreciation							•	17 100
General government							\$	17,183
Public safety								164,518
Public works								79,464
Waste management								20,500
Parks, recreation and cemeter	ies							13,034
							\$	294,699

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	 Balance 7/1/20	 Additions		R	eductions	 Balance 6/30/21	 Current Year Portion
Bond payable Bond premium payable	\$ 2,735,000 130,591	\$	-	\$	(235,000) (10,882)	\$ 2,500,000 119,709	\$ 235,000 10,882
	\$ 2,865,591	\$	-	\$	(245,882)	\$ 2,619,709	\$ 245,882

The following is a description of the outstanding bond payable:

\$3,440,000, 2017 General Obligation Bond due in annual principal installments and semiannual interest installments through October of 2031. Interest is charged at a fixed rate ranging from 2% to 4% per annum. Annual principal installments range from \$235,000 to \$225,000.

\$ 2,500,000

The following is a summary of outstanding bond and bond premium principal and interest requirements for the fiscal years ending June 30:

		Bond p	ayab	le	Bond premium payable							
	F	Principal Interest		Principal		Interest		rincipal		nterest	De	Total bt Service
2022	\$	235,000	\$	70,963	\$	10,882	\$	-	\$	316,845		
2023		230,000		61,663		10,883		-		302,546		
2024		230,000		54,188		10,882		-		295,070		
2025		230,000		48,437		10,883		-		289,320		
2026		225,000		42,469		10,882		-		278,351		
2027-2031		1,125,000		117,000		54,414		-		1,296,414		
2032-2036		225,000		3,375		10,883				239,258		
	\$	2,500,000	\$	398,095	\$	119,709	\$	-	\$	3,017,804		

All bonds payable and notes from direct borrowings payable are direct obligations of the Town, for which its full faith and credit are pledged. The Town is not obligated for any special assessment debt. All debt is payable from taxes levied on all taxable property within the Town.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	 Balance 7/1/20	 Additions	Rec	luctions	Balance 6/30/21	 Current Year Portion
Accrued compensated absences Net OPEB Liability	\$ 74,828 72,971	\$ 21,038 15,653	\$	- (253)	\$ 95,866 88,371	\$ 23,967
,	\$ 147,799	\$ 36,691	\$	(253)	\$ 184,237	\$ 23,967

Refer to Notes 9 and 17 for more detailed information regarding other long-term obligations.

### NOTE 8 - OPERATING LEASE

#### Leasing arrangements where the Town is the Lessor

The Town of Casco leases a facility at 942 Meadow Road to the United States Postal Service, the lessee, for its postal operations in Casco, Maine. This is a fifteenyear lease with three five-year renewal provisions. The lease was renewed for five years on April 1, 2021. Rental income of \$30,304 was received in fiscal year 2021.

The Town of Casco leases a facility at 7 Leach Hill Road to Robyn Russell-Kimball (aka Ravan Salon and Vintage Boutique), the lessee, for its business operations. This is a ten - year lease, expiring on July 1, 2025 with a single ten-year renewal provision. Rental income of \$3,500 was received in fiscal year 2021.

Operating leases do not give rise to property rights and therefore the results of the lease agreements are not reflected in the Town's capital assets. The lessees are responsible for paying all executor costs such as maintenance and insurance.

#### NOTE 9 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Town's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2021, the Town's liability for compensated absences is \$95,866.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 10 - OVERLAPPING DEBT

The Town is contingently liable for its proportionate share of any defaulted debt by entities of which it is a member. At June 30, 2021, the Town's share was approximately:

	Outstanding Debt	Town's Percentage	 Amount
County of Cumberland	\$ 33,370,194	1.43%	\$ 475,629
MSAD #61	6,958,751	27.22%	 1,894,316
			\$ 2,369,945

### NOTE 11 - NONSPENDABLE FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2021, the Town had the following nonspendable fund balance:

General fund:	
Prepaid items	\$ 9,047
Tax acquired property	 15,291
	\$ 24,338

#### NOTE 12 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION AND RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2021, the Town had the following restricted net position and restricted fund balances:

Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E):	
DEP grant Tenney Hill reparations	\$ 39,774
LRAP	48,692
Public safety grant	9,379
Playground grant	728
Dam maintenance	1,050
Business showcase	180
Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G)	
2017 Public improvement bond premium	104,613
Road maintenance	157,724
Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule I)	
Cemetery fund	4,400
Cyrus Mayberry road/school	 9,500
	\$ 376,040

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 13 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2021, the Town had the following committed fund balances:

Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E)	27,541
Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G)	1,466,480
	\$ 1,494,021

## NOTE 14 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2021, the Town had the following assigned fund balances:

General fund:	
Memorial Field Park/Rec Complex	\$ 311,160
Ambulance	 305,000
Subtotal general fund	616,160
Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E)	24,282
Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule I)	74,310
	\$ 714,752

### NOTE 15 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The Town had the following expenditures that exceeded appropriations at June 30, 2021:

Public safety	\$ 43,507
Debt service - interest	80,362
	\$ 123,869

## NOTE 16 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2021, the Town had the following deficit fund balances:

Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E):	
Veterans' fund	\$ 932
Capital Project Funds (Schedule G):	
Memorial school	 7,574
	\$ 8,506

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

## MAINE MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES HEALTH TRUST

#### Plan Description

The Town and Town retirees contribute to the Town's OPEB Plan with the Maine Municipal Employees Health Trust (MMEHT), a single employer defined benefit plan. Contributions and membership in this Plan are voluntary and may be terminated at any time by the Town and/or the Town retirees. MMEHT is a fully funded, self-insured trust which provides benefits to municipal and quasi-municipal organizations and county governments and acts as the agent to the Town concerning administration of this Plan. Title 24-A Chapter 81 of the Maine Revised Statutes Annotated authorizes the regulation of MMEHT as a Multiple Employer Welfare Arrangement by the State of Maine Bureau of Insurance. Benefits and plans are designed and governed by MMEHT participants and are administered by a number of third-party administrators contracted by MMEHT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. MMEHT issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by MMEHT at (800) 852-8300.

## **Benefits Provided**

This Plan provides medical/prescription drug benefits during retirement to Medicare and non-Medicare retirees and their surviving spouses with varying levels of benefits determined by voluntary plan selection by the retiree as well as applicable Medicare statutes and regulations. The Plan also provides an automatic life insurance benefit of \$2,000 to participants which includes a surviving spouse benefit for the same. The employee must meet the minimum requirement of age 55 with at least 5 years of service at retirement to be eligible for the Plan. The retiree must enroll when first eligible and continue coverage without interruption.

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At January 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active members	13
Retirees and spouses	-
Total	13

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Contributions

Retiree and spouse premium amounts are funded by the retiree at the rate for the coverage elected by the retiree. Premium rates are those determined by the MMEHT's Board of Trustees to be actuarially sufficient to pay anticipated claims. Premiums for retiree life insurance coverage are factored into the premiums paid for basic coverage. Retirees and spouses must contribute 100% of the premium amounts. The sponsoring employer pays the remainder of the premium. Medical benefits are provided for the life of the retiree and surviving spouses.

### **Retiree Premium Amounts**

The following monthly premium amounts were reported on the individual data file. Actual plan election was reflected in expected retiree premium amounts.

Pre-Medicare	Single Coverage	Family Coverage
POS A	\$1,271.07	\$2,851.22
<u>Medicare</u>		
Medicare-Eligible Retirees	\$589.25	\$1,178.50

# Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported a liability of \$88,371 for its total OPEB liability for this Plan. The total OPEB liability was measured as of January 1, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Town's total OPEB liability was based on the Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method which does not reflect future changes in benefits, subsidies, penalties, taxes or administrative costs that may be required as a result of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (ACA) related legislation and regulations.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$12,245. At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

		MMEHT						
	Deferre	ed Outflows	Deferi	red Inflows				
	of R	esources	of Resources					
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	9,981	\$	7,936				
Changes of assumptions		19,969		2,415				
Net difference between projected and actual								
earnings on OPEB plan investments		-		-				
Contributions subsequent to the								
measurement date		253		-				
Total	\$	30,203	\$	10,351				

\$253 were reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	MMEHT		
Plan year ended December 31:			
2021	\$	2,616	
2022		2,616	
2023		2,617	
2024		5,162	
2025		5,765	
Thereafter		823	

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the assumed interest rate used for converting projected dollar related values to a present value as of the valuation date of January 1, 2021. The discount rate determination is based on the high-quality AA/Aa or higher bond yields in effect for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds using the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index. The rate of 2.121% per annum for June 30, 2021 was based upon a measurement date of December 31, 2020. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease 1.12%			Discount Rate	 1% Increase
				2.12%	3.12%
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	103,800	\$	88,371	\$ 75,844 -
Net OPEB liability	\$	103,800	\$	88,371	\$ 75,844
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%

#### Healthcare Trend

The healthcare trend is the assumed dollar increase in dollar-related values in the future due to the increase in the cost of health care. The healthcare cost trend rate is the rate of change in per capita health claim costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design and technological developments. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare cost trend rates are as follows:

	D	1% ecrease		ealthcare nd Rates	1% Increase			
Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$	74,946 -	\$	88,371		105,366 -		
Net OPEB liability	\$	74,946	\$	88,371	\$	105,366		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(	0.00%	(	0.00%		0.00%		

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

For medical and pharmacy, historical claims and census records were assembled and provided through June 30, 2019. Medicare and non-Medicare eligible medical and prescription experience were analyzed. It was assumed that current enrollment distribution of benefit options would remain constant in the future for retirees. The cost was distributed based on the current covered population and the actuary's standard age curves which vary by age, gender and Medicare status. Children costs are converted to a load on the non-Medicare retirees which implicitly assumes that future retirees will have the same child distribution as current retirees.

#### Amortization

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

#### Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was based on economic, demographic and claim and expense assumptions that resulted from actuarial studies conducted for the period of December 31, 2017 and December 31, 2018.

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for economic purposes are the assumptions that were adopted by Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. As of January 1, 2021, they are as follows:

Discount Rate - 2.21% per annum for year-end 2020 reporting, 3.50% per annum for year-end 2019 reporting.

#### Trend Assumptions:

Medical Trend assumptions were developed using the Society of Actuaries (SOA) Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. The SOA model was released in December 2007 and version 2020\_b was used for this valuation. The following assumptions were input into this model:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Variable	Rate
Rate of Inflation	2.00%
Rate of Growth in Real Income/GDP per capital 2029+	1.25%
Extra Trend due to Taste/Technology 2029+	1.10%
Expected Health Share of GDP 2029	20.00%
Health Share of GDP Resistance Point	25.00%
Year for Limiting Cost Growth to GDP Growth	2040

The SOA Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model and its baseline projection are based on an econometric analysis of historical U.S. medical expenditures and the judgements of experts in the field. The long-run baseline projection and input variables have been developed under the guidance of the SOA Project Oversight Group. The rate for the extra trend for taste and technology was set above the baseline of 1.1% (to 1.2%) to move closer to the 30-year average to reflect the future projections from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Office of the Actuary (CMS OACT). The Medicare Trustee Report and CBO Long-Term Budget Outlook.

The trends selected from 2020 to 2023 were based on plan design, population weighting, renewal projections and market analysis. For years 2024 to 2028, these are interpolated from 2023 to 2029 (which is the product of the inflation, GDP and extra trend rate assumptions).

Deductibles, Co-payments and Out of Pocket Maximums are assumed to increase at the above trend rates. The ultimate trend rate reflects an assumed nominal per capital GDP growth.

Administrative and claims expense: 3% per annum

Significant actuarial assumptions employed by the actuary for demographic purposes are the assumptions that were adopted by Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016 and based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. As of January 1, 2021, they are as follows:

Retirement Rates - Rates vary for plans with no explicit employer subsidy (or payment) versus those plans defining an explicit employer subsidy (or payment). The rates are based on assumptions from the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016.

Retirement Contribution Increases - Assumed to increase at the same rate as incurred claims.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

### NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Family Enrollment Composition - For males, 50% of future retirees under the age of 65 and 50% of current retirees are married and elect spousal coverage while females are at 30% for both. 25% of male and female future retirees over the age of 65 are married and elect spousal coverage.

Age Difference of Spouses - Husbands are assumed to be 3 years older than wives.

Administrative expenses - Included in the per capita claims cost.

Disability Incidence - Disabled lives will be considered active employees and will not be valued separately.

Salary Increase Rate - 2.75% per year assumed using the level percentage of pay entry age method.

Dates of Hire - Needed to be assumed for some employees and will be based on the average age at hire for similar employees.

Rate of Mortality - Based on 104% and 120% of the RP-2014 Total Dataset Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, respectively for males and females, using the RP-2014 Total Dataset Employee Mortality Table for ages prior to the start of the Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, both projected from the 2006 base rates using the RPEC \_2015 model, with an ultimate rate of 0.85% for ages 20-85 grading down to an ultimate rate of 0.00% for ages 111-120 and convergence to the ultimate rate in the year 2020. These rates were taken from the assumptions for the Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016.

Retiree Continuation Percentage:

Medicare participant retirees - 100% assumed to continue in the plan elected

Pre-Medicare plan retirees and active participants - 75% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

Pre-Medicare plan spouses and spouses of active participants - 50% assumed to continue coverage once Medicare-eligible

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 17 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

## Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2021 with the following exceptions:

### Differences between Expected and Actual Experience

The difference between expected and actual experience are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The net difference between expected and actual experience as of January 1, 2020 was \$2,045.

### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations were based primarily on those used by Maine State Retirement Consolidated Plan for Participating Local District at June 30, 2016 which were based on the experience study covering the period from June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2015. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

## Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings on OPEB Plan Investments

Differences between projected and actual investment earnings are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed five-year period. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources.

## **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to this Plan can be found at the Town Office at 635 Meadow Road, Casco, Maine 04015.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

## NOTE 18 - DEFINED COMPENSATION PLAN

### **MissionSquare Retirement**

#### Plan Description

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and maintained by MissionSquare Retirement. The plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary, in addition to Town contributions, until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are solely the property and rights of the participants. All assets are protected by a trust arrangement from any claims on the Town and from any use by the Town other than paying benefits to employees and their beneficiaries in accordance with the plan.

It is the opinion of the Town's management that the Town has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

## **Funding Policy**

The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town's Selectboard. Generally, the Town will contribute 3% of annual salary for full-time employees that participate in the Town's deferred compensation plan. For a certain employee group, the Town will contribute 6% of annual salary due to a one-time increase in the match given in lieu of a salary increase.

For both employee groups, match provisions of 3% apply to receive the Town's contributions. The employee's and the Town's matching contribution vests 100% with the employee when contributed.

The Town's contributions to the plan including employee contributions for 2021, 2020, 2019 and 2018 were \$54,102, \$58,557, \$69,374 and \$61,139, respectively.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 19 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the Town participates in a public entity risk pool sponsored by the Maine Municipal Association. The Maine Municipal Association Group Risk Pool is a state-chartered pool established exclusively for Maine municipalities. The pool provides certain property, liability, fidelity and vehicle coverage. If the assets of the pool are at any time actuarially determined to be insufficient to enable the pool to discharge its legal obligations, other obligations and actuarially sound reserves, the pool has the power to make up the deficiency by the levy of a prorated assessment. There have been no deficiencies during the past three years and management believes that no deficiency exists at June 30, 2021.

The Town is a member of the Maine Municipal Association - Property and Casualty Pool and pays an annual premium for its coverage. Under the property portion of the policy, coverage is provided after a per occurrence deductible is met. The limit of coverage for liability claims brought under the Maine Tort Claims Act is \$400,000 per occurrence. A \$2,000,000 limit of liability is provided for liability claims outside the Maine Tort Claims Act. There is no aggregate liability limit. Coverage for Public Officials Liability, including Employment Practices, is a part of the program. Coverage is on an occurrence basis, rather than a "claims made" form. A \$2,000,000 limit of liability is provided for all claims for Wrongful Acts seeking monetary damages pursuant to federal or state law for which the Maine Tort Claims Act does not provide immunity or limitations. Each member has a \$4,000,000 annual aggregate limit. An annual sublimit of \$100,000 per member applies for all back wages and/or future salary awards for employment related claims, subject to a \$5,000 retention and a 10% contribution by the member.

The Town is also a member of the Maine Municipal Association - Worker Compensation Trust Fund ("Fund"). The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain lower costs for worker's compensation coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The Town pays an annual premium to the fund for its worker's compensation coverage. The Town's agreement with the Fund provides that the fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies' reinsurance contracts, coverage for claims in excess of \$1,000,000.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 20 - JOINT VENTURES

The Town is a participant with the Town of Naples in two joint ventures to operate the Lake Region Bulky Waste Facility (LRBWF) and the Casco-Naples Solid Waste Transfer Station (CNTS). On dissolution of the entities, the net assets will be shared equally by Casco and Naples. Other municipalities can obtain joint use rights on a contractual basis. Each entity is governed by the same Advisory Board consisting of: a member of the Selectboard of each municipality; two popularly elected citizens of each municipality and the respective Town Managers as ex-officio members. The Towns pay appropriate tipping fees for accepted waste delivered to the facilities and are financially responsible for each facilities operation. The Town of Casco pays the costs of wage and benefits for the employees who work at either the Lake Region Bulky Waste Facility (LRBWF) or Casco-Naples Transfer Station (CNTS). They are employees of the Town of Casco and subject to the personnel policies as the other employees. Casco is reimbursed 100% by the Town of Naples who acts as the fiscal agent. During fiscal 2020, the Town paid \$307,320 for wages and benefits and received the same. Complete financial statements for the LRBWF and CNTS are available at the office of each municipality.

The Town is a member of a joint venture with 45 other municipalities throughout Cumberland, Oxford and York counties. Ecomaine is a solid waste management corporation that creates electricity through its processing of waste and also operates as an extensive recycling program. A joint committee, made up of the Town of Casco and twenty other member communities owns and controls the corporation. Interlocal (waste handling) agreements between ecomaine and participating communities obligate the members to deliver certain solid waste produced with the community to ecomaine for processing and to make service payments and pay tipping fees for such processing. The Town has no explicit, measurable equity interest and therefore has not reported an asset in the financial statements in connection with its participation in ecomaine. The Town of Casco has an owner membership of 1.48% in ecomaine as of June 30, 2021.

Ecomaine has issued bonds to fund the design, construction and start-up of a resource recovery system. The bonds are special revenue obligations of ecomaine, payable from and secured by a pledge of ecomaine revenues. The bonds do not constitute a debt or liability within the meaning of any constitutional or statutory provision of the State of Maine or a pledge of the full faith and credit of a political subdivision of the State of Maine. Ecomaine has no taxing power. The obligations of the participating municipalities under the Waste Handling Agreements are secured by the full faith and credit of the participating municipalities subject to certain limitations. On June 30, 2021, (the most current period available), ecomaine had no outstanding debt. Additionally, the Town's share of the projected landfill closure and post closure cost relating to ecomaine is estimated to be \$231,892.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### NOTE 21 - CONTINGENCIES

The Town participates in numerous State and Federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the Town has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2021 may be impaired. In the opinion of the Town, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations, therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Town's financial position. established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

### NOTE 22 - IRREVOCABLE STAND-BY LETTERS OF CREDIT

At June 30, 2021, the Town of Casco has an outstanding irrevocable stand-by letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh serving as collateral for its deposits held at TD, Bank, N.A. These letters of credit, which expire at the close of business on July 15, 2021, authorizes one draw only up to the amount of \$6,750,000. There were no draws for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE 23 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Town's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	 (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance - July 1 Resources (Inflows): Taxes:	\$	3,679,627	\$	3,679,627	\$	3,679,627	\$ -
Property taxes		9,550,330		9,550,330		9,628,687	78,357
Excise taxes		775,000		775,000		982.095	207,095
Intergovernmental revenues		483,130		483,130		712,958	229,828
Charges for services		299,880		602,485		694,104	91,619
Interest income		40,000		40,000		49,756	9,756
Other revenue		102,180		102,180		185,962	83,782
Amounts Available for Appropriation		14,930,147		15,232,752		15,933,189	 700,437
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):							
General government		932,208		932,208		839,481	92,727
Public safety		1,094,100		1,094,100		1,137,607	(43,507)
Health and sanitation		351,807		654,412		641,095	13,317
Public works		919,857		919,857		629,983	289,874
Parks, recreation and cemeteries		305,316		305,316		275,726	29,590
County tax		472,237		472,237		472,237	-
Education		6,639,062		6,639,062		6,639,062	-
CEO, planning board and zoning board		170,630		170,630		132,521	38,109
Unclassified		121,959		738,119		646,093	92,026
Overlay		103,367		103,367		29,676	73,691
Debt service:							
Principal		319,000		319,000		235,000	84,000
Interest		-		-		80,362	(80,362)
Transfers to other funds		-		306,334		306,334	 -
Total Charges to Appropriations		11,429,543		12,654,642		12,065,177	 589,465
Budgetary Fund Balance - June 30	\$	3,500,604	\$	2,578,110	\$	3,868,012	\$ 1,289,902
Utilization of unassigned fund balance	\$	179,023	\$	1,101,517	\$	-	\$ (1,101,517)

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Increase (Decrease)									
Balances at 1/1/20 (Reporting December 31, 2020)		et OPEB iability (a)	Fid Net F	lan uciary Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)					
		72,971	\$	-	\$	72,971				
Changes for the year:										
Service cost		7,680		-		7,680				
Interest		2,206		-		2,206				
Changes of benefits		-		-		-				
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-				
Changes of assumptions		5,767		-		5,767				
Contributions - employer		-		253		(253)				
Contributions - member		-		-		-				
Net investment income		-		-		-				
Benefit payments		(253)		(253)		-				
Administrative expense		-		-		-				
Net changes		15,400		-		15,400				
Balances at 1/1/21 (Reporting December 31, 2021)	\$	88,371	\$	-	\$	88,371				

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2021 2020		2019		 2018	
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost (BOY)		7,680	1,906		2,176	2,802
Interest (includes interest on service cost)		2,206	1,565		1,349	2,013
Changes of benefit terms		-	(1,309)		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	13,973		-	(18,520)
Changes of assumptions		5,767	20,614		(4,227)	706
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(253)	 (80)	<u> </u>	(77)	 (749)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	15,400	\$ 36,669	\$	(779)	\$ (13,748)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$	72,971	\$ 36,302	\$	37,081	\$ 50,829
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	88,371	\$ 72,971	\$	36,302	\$ 37,081
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer		253	80		77	749
Contributions - member		-	-		-	-
Net investment income		-	-		-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(253)	(80)		(77)	(749)
Administrative expense		-	-		-	-
Net change in fiduciary net position		-	 -		-	 -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	-	\$ 	\$		\$ -
Net OPEB liability - ending	\$	88,371	\$ 72,971	\$	36,302	\$ 37,081
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%
Covered payroll Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$	570,619 15.5%	\$ 570,619 12.8%	\$	307,247 11.8%	\$ 307,247 12.1%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

		2021	 2020	2019		2018	
MMEHT:							
Employer contributions	\$	253	\$ 80	\$	77	\$	749
Benefit payments		(253)	 (80)		(77)		(749)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	570,619	\$ 570,619	\$	307,247	\$	307,247
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

## **Changes of Assumptions**

## MMEHT OPEB Plan:

There was a change in the discount rate from 2.74% to 2.12% per GASB 75 discount rate selection. In addition, medical and prescription drug trend arrays were updated.

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows): Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	9,550,330	\$	9,550,330	\$	9,628,687	\$	78,357
Auto excise	ψ	760,000	Ψ	760,000	Ψ	959,126	Ψ	199,126
Boat excise		15,000		15,000		22,969		7,969
Intergovernmental revenues:		15,000		15,000		22,909		7,909
State revenue sharing		125,000		125,000		343,248		218,248
Homestead reimbursement		205,621		205,621		205,621		210,240
LRAP		48,000		48.000		47,896		(104)
BETE		57,069		57,069		57,137		68
Tree growth		38,000		38,000		40,218		2,218
Other		9,440		9,440		18,838		9,398
Charges for services:		0,110		0,110		10,000		0,000
Agent Fees		14,000		14,000		27,500		13,500
Clerk Fees		6,450		6,450		1,551		(4,899)
Code Enforcement/PB/ZBA Fees		42,240		42,240		74,278		32,038
Sanitation Reimbursement				302,605		302,605		
Public safety		205,995		205,995		251,628		45,633
Parks and recreation		31,195		31,195		36,542		5,347
Interest income:		- ,		- ,		, -		-,-
Bank interest		-		-		6,825		6,825
Tax/lien interest		40,000		40,000		42,931		2,931
Miscellaneous revenues:		-,		-,		,		,
Building rentals		33,530		33,530		33,804		274
Franchise fee		32,000		32,000		35,128		3,128
Lien fees		12,000		12,000		10,384		(1,616)
Tax sale		-		-		950		950
Reimbursements		22,400		22,400		95,129		72,729
Proceeds-sale of assets		-		-		6,625		6,625
Misc. other		2,250		2,250		3,942		1,692
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$	11,250,520	\$	11,553,125	\$	12,253,562	\$	700,437

## SCHEDULE B

## TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

## SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
Payroll	\$ 590,938	\$-	\$ 590,938	\$ 520,770	\$ 70,168
Utilities	16,500	-	16,500	20,351	(3,851)
Services	100,998	-	100,998	123,014	(22,016)
Town Insurance	32,500	-	32,500	31,766	734
Supplies/Equipment	43,250	-	43,250	22,703	20,547
Repairs/Maintenance	8,000	-	8,000	7,766	234
Trainning/Travel	12,500	-	12,500	6,926	5,574
Legal fees	30,000	-	30,000	20,056	9,944
Assessing	87,522	-	87,522	75,747	11,775
Contingency	10,000	-	10,000	10,382	(382)
Totals	932,208		932,208	839,481	92,727
PUBLIC SAFETY					
Fire department	997,667	-	997,667	1,044,296	(46,629)
Emergency management	7,965	-	7,965	8,530	(565)
Animal control	88,468	-	88,468	84,781	3,687
Totals	1,094,100	-	1,094,100	1,137,607	(43,507)
HEALTH AND SANITATION					
Casco-Naples Transfer Station	351,807	302,605	654,412	641,095	13,317
Totals	351,807	302,605	654,412	641,095	13,317

## SCHEDULE B (CONTINUED)

## TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

## SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
PUBLIC WORKS					
Payroll/Benefits/Insurance	10,067	_	10,067	12,631	(2,564)
Utilities/Services	737,490	-	737,490	520,294	217,196
Supplies/Equipment/Repairs	156,950	-	156,950	81,094	75,856
Trianning/Travel	200	-	200	9	191
Streetlights	9,500	-	9,500	8,322	1,178
Dams	5,650	-	5,650	7,633	(1,983)
Totals	919,857	-	919,857	629,983	289,874
RECREATION, PARKS & BEACHES, CEMETERIES & COMMITTEES					
	167,562		167,562	143,680	23,882
Parks and Beaches	16,030		16,030	8,561	7,469
Cemeteries	4,200		4,200	-	4,200
Open Space Commission	2,500		2,500	-	2,500
Facilities	112,524		112,524	123,485	(10,961)
Veterans Committee	2,500		2,500	-	2,500
Totals	305,316	-	305,316	275,726	29,590
DEBT SERVICE					
Principal	319,000	-	319,000	235,000	84,000
Interest	-	-	-	80,362	(80,362)
Totals	319,000	-	319,000	315,362	3,638
COUNTY TAX	472,237		472,237	472,237	
EDUCATION	6,639,062		6,639,062	6,639,062	
CEO, PLANNING BOARD AND ZONING BOARD					
Code Enforcement	156,700	-	156,700	127,339	29,361
Planning Board/ZBA	13,930	-	13,930	5,182	8,748
Totals	170,630	-	170,630	132,521	38,109
				,	

## SCHEDULE B (CONTINUED)

## TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

## SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments	Final Budget	Actual Expenditures	Variance Positive (Negative)
UNCLASSIFIED					
General assistance	9,200	-	9,200	15,346	(6,146)
Casco Community Library	68,773	-	68,773	68,773	-
Maine Health Visiting Nurses	4,000	-	4,000	4,000	-
Northern Light Health (VNA Home Health)	750	-	750	500	250
Through These Doors (Family Crisis)	1,100	-	1,100	1,100	-
Tri-County Counseling Services	2,500	-	2,500	2,500	-
Opportunity Alliance	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-
Senior Meals Program	3,700	-	3,700	3,700	-
Bridgton LR Chamber of Comm.	1,250	-	1,250	1,250	-
Sebago Lakes Region Chamber	250	-	250	250	-
Lake Region Bus Service	8,500	-	8,500	8,500	-
Raymond Casco Historical Society	1,800	-	1,800	1,800	-
Life Flight	936	-	936	936	-
Thompson Lake Environment Assoc.	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-
Lake Environment Assoc. Milfol Project	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-
Maine Public Radio	100	-	100	-	100
Casco Alliance Church/Food Pantries	3,600	-	3,600	3,600	-
Health Equity Alliance	500	-	500	-	500
CFRD/Ambulance	-	305,000	305,000	274,318	30,682
Memorial field		311,160	311,160	244,520	66,640
Totals	121,959	616,160	738,119	646,093	92,026
Overlay	103,367	<u> </u>	103,367	29,676	73,691
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS					
Capital projects funds	-	306,334	306,334	306,334	-
Totals		306,334	306,334	306,334	-
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$ 11,429,543	\$ 1,225,099	\$ 12,654,642	\$ 12,065,177	\$ 589,465

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

		Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds		ermanent Funds		al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,143	\$	101,503	\$	82,922	\$	186,568
Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	<u>151,626</u> 153,769	\$	<u>1,630,095</u> 1,731,598	\$	<u>5,288</u> 88,210	\$	<u>1,787,009</u> 1,973,577
	Ψ	100,700	Ψ	1,701,000	Ψ	00,210	Ψ	1,070,077
LIABILITIES								
Due to other funds	\$	3,075	\$	10,355	\$	-	\$	13,430
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,075		10,355		-		13,430
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		_		_		_		_
Restricted		99,803		262,337		13,900		376,040
Committed		27,541		1,466,480		-		1,494,021
Assigned		24,282		-		74,310		98,592
Unassigned		(932)		(7,574)		-		(8,506)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		150,694		1,721,243		88,210		1,960,147
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND								
BALANCES	\$	153,769	\$	1,731,598	\$	88,210	\$	1,973,577

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	F	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	ermanent Funds	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES Interest income Other income TOTAL REVENUES	\$	4 5,000 5,004	\$	150  150	\$ 122 - 122	\$ 276 5,000 5,276
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u>621</u> 621	. <u> </u>	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>621</u> 621
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		4,383		150	 122	 4,655
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		- (6,058) (6,058)		312,392 - 312,392	 -	 312,392 (6,058) 306,334
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(1,675)		312,542	122	310,989
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		152,369		1,408,701	 88,088	 1,649,158
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	150,694	\$	1,721,243	\$ 88,210	\$ 1,960,147

## Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Те	P Grant nney Hill parations		creation ckleball	LRAP		Firefighter Fund			CFD Grant		MEMA Disaster Grant		Timber Harvester		Wilma Avery Fund		ecreation Jonation
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	<u> </u>	\$ \$	- 15,329 15,329	\$ \$	- 48,692 48,692	\$	- 3,357 3,357	\$ \$	4,369 4,369	\$ \$	- 12,283 12,283	\$	- 10,773 10,773	\$	- 65 65	\$ \$	5,334 5,334
LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		39,774 - - 39,774		- - 15,329 - 15,329		48,692		- - 3,357 - 3,357		- 4,369 - - 4,369		- 12,283 - - 12,283		- - 10,773 - - 10,773		- - - 65 - 65		- - 5,334 - - 5,334
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	39,774	\$	15,329	\$	48,692	\$	3,357	\$	4,369	\$	12,283	\$	10,773	\$	65	\$	5,334

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	terans' <sup>-</sup> unds	Animal Control	Sun Safety		Public Safety Grant		Playground Grant		I Dam Maintenance		siness owcase	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,143 - 2,143	\$ - 116 116	\$	- 197 197	\$	9,379 9,379	\$	- 728 728	\$	- 1,050 1,050	\$ - 180 180	\$ 2,143 151,626 153,769
LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 3,075 3,075	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,075 3,075
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 - - - (932) (932)	 - 116 - 116		- - 197 - 197		9,379 - - 9,379		728		1,050 - - 1,050	 - 180 - - - 180	 99,803 27,541 24,282 (932) 150,694
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 2,143	\$ 116	\$	197	\$	9,379	\$	728	\$	1,050	\$ 180	\$ 153,769

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Te	EP Grant enney Hill parations	Recreation Pickleball		I	LRAP		fighter und	CFD Grant	MEMA aster Grant	Timber Harvester		Wilma Avery Fund		reation nation
REVENUES Interest income Other income TOTAL REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	- - -	\$ - 	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- - -	\$ - - -
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-				-		-	<u> </u>	 		-			 
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-						-		 		-		-	 
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		-		-		-	-	 -		-		-	 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		-		-		-		-	-	-		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1		39,774		15,329		48,692	. <u> </u>	3,357	4,369	 12,283		10,773		65	 5,334
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$	39,774	\$	15,329	\$	48,692	\$	3,357	\$ 4,369	\$ 12,283	\$	10,773	\$	65	\$ 5,334

## SCHEDULE F (CONTINUED)

## TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 erans' ınds	Animal Control		Sun Safety		Public Safety Grant		Playground Grant		Dam Maintenance	Business Showcase	 Total
REVENUES Interest income Other income	\$ 4	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 5,000	\$ - -	ę	6 – –	\$ - -	\$ 4 5,000
TOTAL REVENUES	 4		-		-		5,000	-		-	-	 5,004
EXPENDITURES Other	 		-		-		621					 621
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 		-		-		621			-		 621
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 4						4,379					 4,383
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	-		-		-		- (6,058)	-		-	-	- (6,058)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 -		-		-		(6,058)			-		 (6,058)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	4		-		-		(1,679)	-		-	-	(1,675)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	 (936)		116		197		11,058	728		1,050	180	 152,369
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ (932)	\$	116	\$	197	\$	9,379	\$ 728	\$	5 1,050	\$ 180	\$ 150,694

## Capital Projects Funds

The capital projects funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Rescue blacement	(	mmunity Center (itchen	Future Land Acquisition		Recreation Department		,		Ja	ırchase ackson roperty
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 56,493	\$	3,806	\$	41,204	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due from other funds	 9,150		-		99,000		28,610		92,430		2,979
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 65,643	\$	3,806	\$	140,204	\$	28,610	\$	92,430	\$	2,979
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	\$ 	\$	2,781	\$		\$		\$		\$	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 -		2,781		-		-		-		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable	_		_		-		_		_		_
Restricted	-		_		-		_		_		_
Committed	65,643		1,025		140,204		28,610		92,430		2,979
Assigned	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	-		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 65,643		1,025		140,204		28,610		92,430		2,979
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 65,643	\$	3,806	\$	140,204	\$	28,610	\$	92,430	\$	2,979

## SCHEDULE G (CONTINUED)

## TOWN OF CASCO, MAINE

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital ovements	_Eq	Tax ualization	Fire Equipment				Grange Hall	e Municipa Offices	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ - 15,772 15,772	\$	- <u>113,837</u> 113,837	\$	- 342,040 342,040	\$ - 1,682 1,682	\$	- 15,000 15,000	\$	- 7,163 7,163
LIABILITIES Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	 - 15,772 - - 15,772		- 113,837 - - 113,837		- 342,040 - - 342,040	 - 1,682 - - 1,682		- 15,000 - - 15,000		- - 7,163 - - 7,163
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$ 15,772	\$	113,837	\$	342,040	\$ 1,682	\$	15,000	\$	7,163

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Imp	Road provements	Memorial School		Casco Memorial Project		2017 Public Improvement Bond Premium		Road Maintenance		 Total
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 101,503
Due from other funds		640,095		-		-		104,613		157,724	 1,630,095
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	640,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	104,613	\$	157,724	\$ 1,731,598
LIABILITIES Due to other funds	\$	-	\$	7,574	\$		\$	-	\$		\$ 10,355
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		7,574		-		-		-	 10,355
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-	-
Restricted		-		-		-		104,613		157,724	262,337
Committed		640,095		-		-		-		-	1,466,480
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-	-
Unassigned		_		(7,574)				-		_	(7,574)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		640,095		(7,574)		-		104,613		157,724	 1,721,243
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	\$	640,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	104,613	\$	157,724	\$ 1,731,598

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Rescue Replacement		Community Center Kitchen		Future Land Acquisition		Recreation Department		Public Safety Building		Ja	irchase ackson roperty
REVENUES Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	\$	83 83	\$	6 6	\$	<u>61</u> 61	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-				-		-		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		83		6		61		-				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	6,0	)58 _		-		-		28,610 -		-		-
SOURCES (USES)	6,	)58		-				28,610		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	6,	141		6		61		28,610		-		-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	59,	502		1,019		140,143				92,430		2,979
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 65,0	643	\$	1,025	\$	140,204	\$	28,610	\$	92,430	\$	2,979

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Road Improvements		Memorial School		Casco Memorial Project		2017 Public Improvement Bond Premium		Ma	Road intenance
REVENUES Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	<u>-</u>
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-		-		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES										
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				- -		- -		-		157,724 - 157,724
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)		-		-		-				157,724
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1		640,095	. <u> </u>	(7,574)				104,613		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$	640,095	\$	(7,574)	\$	-	\$	104,613	\$	157,724

### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Road Improvements	Memorial School	Casco Memorial Project	2017 Public Improvement Bond Premium	Road Maintenance	Total
REVENUES Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ -</u> -	<u>\$ -</u> -	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 150</u> 150
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES			-			
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES						150
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING	-	-	-		157,724	312,392 
SOURCES (USES) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)	-	-			<u> </u>	<u>312,392</u> 312,542
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JULY 1	640,095	(7,574)		104,613		1,408,701
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - JUNE 30	\$ 640,095	\$ (7,574)	\$-	\$ 104,613	\$ 157,724	\$ 1,721,243

## Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Town of Casco, Maine that are legally restricted pursuant to Title 30-A, §5653 of the Maine State Statutes, as amended and unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the Town or its citizenry. These funds have been established for various purposes including the provision and/or maintenance of the cemeteries.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	emetery Fund	Μ	Cyrus ayberry ad/School	Total			
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 19,598 5,288 24,886	\$	63,324 - 63,324	\$	82,922 5,288 88,210		
LIABILITIES Due to others funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 - 4,400 - 20,486 - 24,886		9,500 - 53,824 - 63,324		- 13,900 - 74,310 - 88,210		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 24,886	\$	63,324	\$	88,210		

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	-				
	Ce	emetery	M	ayberry	
	Fund			d/School	Total
REVENUES					
Interest income	\$	29	\$	93	\$ 122
TOTAL REVENUES		29		93	122
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		-		-	 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		29		93	122
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		24,857		63,231	 88,088
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	24,886	\$	63,324	\$ 88,210

## General Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2021

		_and and -depreciable Assets	Impro	ings, Building ovements and Improvements	E	<i>l</i> lachinery, Equipment nd Vehicles	Inf	rastructure	 Total
General Government	\$	-	\$	883,031	\$	188,999	\$	-	\$ 1,072,030
Public Safety Public Works		- 23,265		438,789 146,900		3,287,425 41,477		840,017 2,125,511	4,566,231 2,337,153
Waste Management		-		820,000		130,000		-	950,000
Parks, Recreation and Cemeteries	. <u> </u>	1,311,077		576,349		-		-	 1,887,426
Total General Capital Assets		1,334,342		2,865,069		3,647,901		2,965,528	10,812,840
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		-		(1,339,960)		(2,889,818)		(348,924)	 (4,578,702)
Net General Capital Assets	\$	1,334,342	\$	1,525,109	\$	758,083	\$	2,616,604	\$ 6,234,138

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 General Capital Assets 7/1/20	A	dditions	De	eletions	 General Capital Assets 6/30/21
General Government	\$ 1,072,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,072,030
Public Safety	4,176,858		389,373		-	4,566,231
Public Works	2,307,588		29,565		-	2,337,153
Waste Management	950,000		-		-	950,000
Parks, Recreation and Cemeteries	 1,642,906		244,520		-	 1,887,426
Total General Capital Assets	10,149,382		663,458		-	10,812,840
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (4,284,003)		(294,699)		-	 (4,578,702)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 5,865,379	\$	368,759	\$		\$ 6,234,138



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Selectboard Town of Casco Casco, Maine

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Casco, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Casco, Maine's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 16, 2022.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Casco's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Casco's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Casco's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these

limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Casco, Maine's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the Town of Casco, Maine in a separate letter dated March 16, 2022.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RHR Smith & Company

Buxton, Maine June 16, 2022